Technical and Political Issues With Alternatives to Undersea Cables

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Problems with using Undersea Cables for Internet Service

- installation cost
- construction duration
- limited reach
- relatively low capacity
- inflexible after installation
- history of telco management

Telco Background

- pre-buy cable slots normally through telco consortium
- big \$\$ to play in the game
- price based on assumption of use for voice
- generally blind to data needs

Alternatives to Undersea Cables

- point to point radio need mid-sea platforms or sky hooks
- worm hole routing next generation
- satellites
 - = sky hooks

Types of Satellite-Based Systems

geosynchronous (GEO)
 36,000 Km



- Middle Earth Orbit (MEO)
 16,000 25,000 Km

Technical Issues

latency

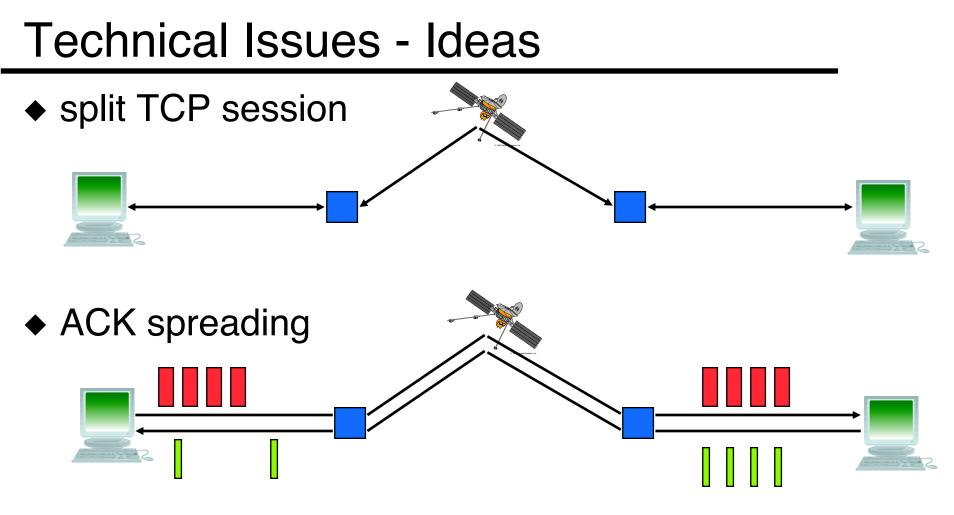
geo - >500 msec rtt meo & geo - variable, 20-160 msec rtt tracking satellite as it passes overhead deep space ...

- large bandwidth-delay product lots of data "in flight"
- transport reliability high(er) non-congestion related packet loss
- asymmetric use

e.g. telephone for return path

 intermittent connectivity when switching between satellites

slide- 6



forward error correction

Technical Issues - Ideas, contd.

- larger initial window
 2 or 4 packets vs. 1
- turn off delayed ACKs during slow-start always ack received data rather than every other
- ♦ use T/TCP

bypass 3-way handshake

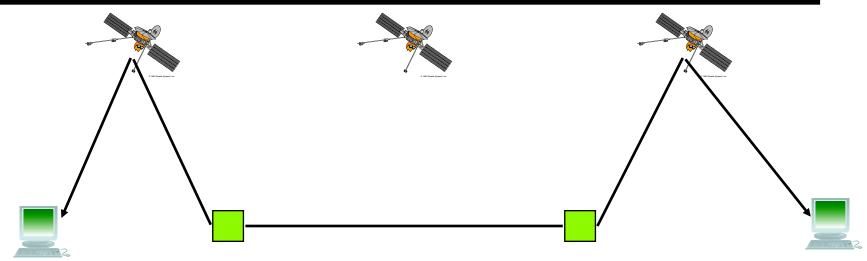
- congestion experienced notification
- TCP pacing
- TCP spoofing

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Political Issues

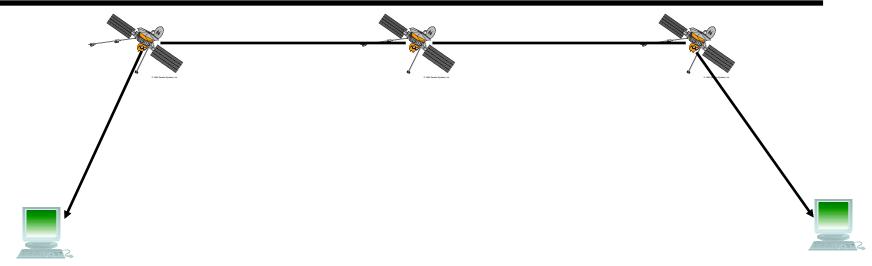
 two operational models ground <-> satellite only with intersatellite

W/O Intersatellite



- communications through "normal" ground stations
- local government gets control point
- local government gets taxing point

With Intersatellite



- communications bypass in-country ground station
- local government loses taxing and control point humm, LEO is not that far up...